THE
[Numb. 744.]
MARYLAND GAZETTE,
Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, Auguſt 9, 1759.

To the AUTHOR of the GRAND MAGAZINE.

SIR,

IF you have not already heard of the following extraordinary Inſtance of the Powers of Vegetation, in the Tranſmutation of one Species of Corn into another, I am perſuaded I need make no Apology for troubling you, on ſo important and curious a Subject.

This Phænomenon was firſt obſerved in Sweden, where it was diſcovered by mere Accident. A Countryman having ſown ſome Oats in his Field, and wanting Proviſion for his Horſes, mowed the young Shoots of the Grain, ſoon after they were come up; the Grain ſhot forth again, as uſual, and the Farmer mowed it as before. He did this at Intervals, three Times: The Winter coming on, no more Blades appeared till the following Spring; when, ſhooting up as before, they were permitted to grow to Perfection; and the Crop, to the Surpriſe of the poor Huſbandman, inſtead of proving *Oats*, turned out abſolutely good *Rye*. This Fact coming to the Ear of a very ingenious Naturaliſt of that Country, Mr. Joſ. Bern Vergen, he ſuſpected there might be ſome Deception; and accordingly, in the Year 1756, repeated the Experiment; obſerving exactly the ſame Meaſures, by Deſign, as the Countryman had taken by Chance. The Reſult of his Experiment, was the ſame; and his Oats produced good Rye, as that of the Peaſant had done before. A circumſtantial Relation of this Extraordinary Diſcovery was ſoon afterwards ſent to their High Mightineſſes, the States-General, by Mr. de Marteville, at the Court of Sweden. Curioſity, and the Deſire of further Knowledge concerning this ſurpriſing Phænomenon, induced ſome of the Naturaliſts of this Country, to try the Experiment again. Among the reſt, was Mr. Syperſtein, one of the Magiſtrates of Haerlem, and the Preſident of the Society, lately eſtabliſhed there for the Improvement of Arts and Sciences. This Gentleman ſowed a Handful of Oats, on the 21ſt of June, 1757; and again another on the 26th of July following. The firſt he cropt at three ſeveral Times, viz. on the 29th July, the 8th of September, and the 13th of November. The laſt he cut only twice, viz. on the 15th of September and 18th of November. The ſucceeding Winter happening to prove very ſevere, almoſt all the Grains periſhed in the Earth, thro' the Inclemency of the Weather; five of them, however, remained alive, ſhot up in the Spring, and produced large and full Ears of Rye; which was reaped the ſeventh of laſt Auguſt.

As the utmoſt Care was taken in this Experiment to avoid any Mixture in the Grain, as well as to prevent any Grains of Rye from falling Accidentally, or otherwiſe, on the Spot of Ground ſown, this Tranſmutation, however ſtrange it may appear to the Ignorant, or inconſiſtent with the Syſtems of Naturaliſts, is looked upon here as an indubitable Fact.

With a View of proſecuting this Diſcovery ſtill further, Mr. Syperſtein has ſown a freſh Parcel of Oats, treating them as before. He has alſo ſowed ſome of the Rye produced from the Oats; which he has cropt in the ſame Manner as he did the Oats that produced it. He propoſes alſo to make ſeveral Experiments, with a little Variation, in order to improve on this Diſcovery. I ſhall take the Liberty to communicate to you the Reſult of theſe Experiments, and a circumſtantial Detail of the Cautions and Succeſs of each, as ſoon as they are known to

Your humble Servant, A. Q. &c.

BOSTON, *July 23.*

The following is a more particular Account of the ſurpriſing Whirlwind which happened at Leiceſter on Tueſday the 10th Inſtant, drawn up by a Gentleman in a neighbouring Town, from his own Obſervation, and by Accounts from ſome who were upon the Spot.

IT is ſuppoſed to have begun in Spencer, about a Mile and a half, or not exceeding two Miles near S. W. from Mr. David Lynde's, at the laſt Houſe in Leiceſter, next to Spencer.——The main Force of the Wind ſeems to have been confined to about the Breadth of 40 Rods; but little Effects of it's Violence to be diſcovered without that Extent, during it's whole Courſe, which continued with the utmoſt Violence from S. W. to N. E. near about 6 Miles, from the beſt Accounts yet come to Hand. The greateſt Damage known to be done by it, was at David Lynde's Houſe, which ſtood open to the S. W. directly in the Wind's Courſe.——Immediately upon the Wind's ſtriking the Houſe with all it's Force, and before the People (11 in Number) had Time to ſhut the Doors; but endeavouring to do it, it was in an Inſtant taken up, and carried off, leaving nothing behind but the Sills and Part of the lower Floor, and the People in it moſtly hurled away.——Two or three were found lying on that Part of the lower Floor that was left behind, and in the Cellar-Way: Thoſe that were carried off with the Building were ſcattered and dropt at different Diſtances round where the Houſe ſtood: A young Girl was found at the Diſtance of 30 or 40 Rods in the Woods, with her Collar-Bone broke, and ſome grown Perſons at 6 or 8 Rods Diſtance.——The ſtrongeſt Timbers of the Houſe are rent and ſplit to Pieces as tho' by Lightning. Some Parts of the Houſe, and ſome of the Cloathing, were carried 5 Miles Diſtance, and ſome Papers taken up at 8 Miles.——For near half a Mile from where the Houſe ſtood in the Courſe of the Wind, the Ground is ſtrew'd with the ſhiver'd Pieces of the Houſe; and Multitudes are ſticking in the Ground, till you come to a Pond that is covered with the Ruins of the Houſe and Furniture (a few ſmall Articles only of the latter, have as yet been found) full half a Mile diſtant from the Place it ſtood on. So far as I followed the Ruins I could not find one Piece of Timber whole, or one Board but what was ſplit to Pieces of the whole Building; beſides 3000 of new Boards taken out of the Yard, all which were ſtove into Shivers unfit for any Uſe.——The Pewter, Iron-Pots and Kettles, cannot be found at all, except one Plate, one Diſh and one Iron Pot.——Some of the Beds that were found, were hanging on high Trees at a Diſtance.——Nails that were in a Caſk in the Houſe, were drove with ſuch Force into diſtant Trees, as not eaſily to be drawn by the Strength of a Man's Fingers.——Large Trees taken up by the Roots Thouſands of them.——Apple-Trees in the Orchard adjoining taken up and brought nigh to the Place where the Houſe ſtood.——A heavy Log more than 2 Feet Diameter, in which hung a large Grindſtone, taken and carried over the Wall into the Garden.——One of the Spars of the Houſe carried into a Neighbour's Houſe about 50 Rods, and ſtruck off the Cap of his Door, and beat a Hole into the Houſe. The Timbers of the Houſe were carried with ſuch Force into the Air, that when they fell ſome were found ſticking 2 Feet or 2 and a half in the Ground. Not only the Houſe, but the Barn and all Out-Houſes are entirely demoliſhed: And tho' the Manner of their Demolition is ſingular and very extraordinary, yet it is very remarkable, that out of 12 Perſons flying among the Wrecks of all theſe Buildings, but one ſhould be yet dead; a Negro, taken up after it was all over, his Thighs, Back and Arms broken, and who preſently expired in extreme Miſery: 'Tis thought he was in the Chamber when the Gale took the Houſe, and was hurled in almoſt contrary Direction from the Courſe of the Wind, near 8 Rods.—The Man of the Houſe dangerouſly hurt.—A Child was taken out of the Ruins alive; and 'tis remarkable, that the Stones and Rubbiſh with which it was ſurrounded and covered, were ſituated in ſuch a Manner as tho' done by Art.——Divers of the Perſons in the Houſe eſcaped with little or no Hurt, tho' it is hardly poſſible to conceive how they ſhould eſcape an immediate Deſtruction, ſuch was the ſudden and amazing Ruin of the Houſe where they were.——Two Horſes were killed; one ſtanding at the Door, another in the Paſture at ſome Diſtance from the Houſe.——Old Logs of 2 or 3 Feet Diameter, lying in moiſt Land and conſiderably ſunk in the Ground, were rolled out of their Beds, and carried Rods before the Wind; ſo large and heavy that 6 or 8 Men could hardly have rolled them over with Leavers.——There was a moſt amazing Noiſe attending this Tempeſt, which laſted not more than 2 or 3 Minutes in all.——The Neighbours ſay, the Earth ſeemed to tremble, and ſuch an unuſual Motion in the Clouds and Heavens, as tho' they were falling on the Earth; attended with Rain and an Egyptian Darkneſs.——Limbs of Trees, Mud, Dirt and Pieces of Fences, were flying in the Air, and claſhing together; which thoſe at a little Diſtance and out of the Wind could perfectly obſerve.——There is no other Building that fell ſo directly in the Center of the Force of this Gale, that has been heard of; ſo that 'tis poſſible it began to abate ſoon after it paſſed this Houſe.——It is evident from the twiſting of the Trees and the ſhattered Pieces of the Building which lay all around every Way, that it was a Whirlwind, or that it run in a Sort of Eddy, tho' keeping nigh a ſtrait Courſe.——A full Account cannot yet be given, as Nobody has followed it thro' it's whole Courſe.

Extract of a Letter to his Excellency, from Lieutenant-Colonel Hear, Commanding Officer at Annapolis-Royal, dated 9th of July, 1759.

"*The 30th of June in the Night, a Party of French and Indians, as has been the Practice for ſeveral Years paſt, came and drove off Twelve Bullocks, belonging to this Place; I had Intelligence of it about 10 o'Clock in the Morning, and immediately ſent 60 Men in Purſuit of them, who came up with them about 20 Miles Diſtance, exchanged a few Rounds, then made off; and our Men being much fatigued, and not the leaſt Refreſhment with them, returned home, one Man wounded, tho' not dangerous. Upon that Party's Return, another Party held themſelves in Readineſs, and marched off at 10 o'Clock in the Evening, being very ſtormy. I concluded they would lye by, which they did not, expecting another Viſit from us ſo ſoon: Our Party came up with them about 3 o'Clock the next Day, and as two Thirds of their Firelocks would not go off by Reaſon of their being wet, fired what they could, and then ruſhed immediately on with their Firelocks clubbed, and the Enemy ran off like luſty Fellows, leaving all their Bullocks, ſome Braſs Kettles, with their Proviſion in them, ſeveral Blankets, Tomhawks, Bulk-Shot, &c. all which the Party brought in; and by ſeveral Bandages and Rags which the Party found very bloody, together with a Hat they found ſhot thro' the Crown, ſome of the Enemy, from thoſe Circumſtances, I think, muſt be killed or wounded. The Inhabitants were ſo well pleaſed with the Alertneſs of the Troops, in turning out and bringing back their Cattle, that they have ordered an Entertainment for them.*"

Yeſterday Morning Capt. Cobb in the Halifax [illegible] arrived here from the Bay of Fundy, and informs, That laſt Tueſday Se'nnight, leaving left his own Veſſel, he with 28 Men, and a French Woman, which he got as a Pilot, went on board another that was ſmaller, fixed a Swivel Gun on her Bow, and proceeded up one of the Rivers in that Bay, in order to plunder a Neutral Settlement, which they effected; and upon their Return, coming round a Point of Land, they were attacked from the Shore by a Number of French and Indians on one Side, and a large Pettiauger on the other, and continued ſmartly engaged between the two Fires of the Enemy till he had expended all his Ammunition but 3 Rounds, but luckily none of his People were killed, tho' ſeveral of them were ſhot through their Clothes, and himſelf ſlightly wounded in one of his Hands, and his Dog ſhot dead cloſe by him; the Enemy were ſo near, that their Muſket Balls went through the Sealing of his Veſſel. Capt. Cobb imagines he muſt have killed ſeveral of the Enemy, as he and his People fired 28 Rounds at them; but they being ſo far ſuperior in Number, conſiſting of at leaſt 60, he was glad to make the beſt of his Way off.

Marlborough, July 20th, 1759.

The Meaſles have been very rife in this and the neighbouring Towns, whereof Numbers have died, excepting in this Town, where upwards of Five Hundred have had them, from the Age of Seventy-odd to the Age of Six Weeks, and not one Perſon died; and are all now in good Health.

General AMHERST having requeſted of the Province of New-York, a Loan of 150,000 l. that Currency, redeemable in twelve Months after their Date, by the Monies ariſing from Bills of Exchange drawn by Mr. Montier, Deputy Paymaſter General; the Aſſembly, in Conformity thereto, paſſed an Act for emitting Bills of Credit to the Amount of that Sum, in order to enable him to purſue his Operations, and facilitate the Succeſs of his Majeſty's Arms.

The following Advertiſement appears in one of the lateſt London Papers, which, tho' printed a Thouſand Leagues Diſtance from this Place, it no Doubt ſpeaks the Mind of many of the young Ladies in New-England, viz.

"A MAIDEN LADY, of about 22 Years of
" Age, is inclinable to alter her Condition; and tho'
" ſhe flatters herſelf that ſhe is far from being diſagreeable
" in Perſon, yet ſhe never had one tolerable Propoſal made
" to her on the Score of Matrimony: She therefore takes
" this public Method of declaring ſhe is weary of a Single
" Life, and deſirous of an agreeable Companion: Her Fortune
" is no more than 500 l. and conſequently ſhe is not
" vain enough to expect any Propoſals from a Gentleman of
" good Fortune: A good honeſt Tradeſman, well ſettled in
" Buſineſs, is the utmoſt her Ambition ſoars to: He muſt
" be neither clowniſh nor foppiſh, his Age muſt not exceed
" 30, and he muſt be affable and good natured. Any Gentleman
" that is willing to be a Candidate for this Lady's
" Affections, is requeſted to leave a Letter directed to R.
" A. at the Bell, oppoſite Surgeons-Hall, mentioning his
" Buſineſs, Age, and other Particulars: His Name or Place
" of Reſidence will not be expected till an Interview. Any
" Letter which the Lady may receive, ſeeming to promiſe
" Satisfaction, will be duly anſwered, and an Interview
" granted on Condition that the Gentleman will promiſe
" Secrecy upon Oath."

NEW-YORK, *July 30.*

Camp at Lake Ontario, July 7, 1759.

"It is with the utmoſt Satisfaction that I can inform you of the Succeſs we have had in repulſing the different Attacks of the French againſt our Entrenchments, and of their Reimbarkation on the 6th Inſtant. The Fourth at Night, between Eleven and Twelve, the French Forces, conſiſting of a Detachment of the Regiment of Marines, ſome Canadians, and 150 Indians, amounting in the Whole to 1640 private Men, under the Command of Chevalier de la Corne, landed in a Cove about two Miles from our Encampment, behind a Point of Land that covered them intirely from our Sight: We were intirely ignorant of it till about Seven the next Morning, when a dreadful Shout of Indians was heard in the Woods at a Diſtance from a Detachment of our Pickets, then out to cover ſome Men cutting Faſcines to compleat our Breaſt-Work; but they came in without the Loſs of a Man, tho' the Scheme of the Enemy was very likely to draw a large Party out of the Camp, in which they were deceived. A Battoe was ſent out to reconnoitre, and perceived thoſe of the Enemy, amounting to about 100, and an Encampment on the Shore; upon that Report, every Man was ordered to Work, in order to put our Entrenchment, not then finiſhed, in the beſt Poſture of Defence. Three Thouſand, or very near that Number of Barrels of Proviſions, were then lying out, under no Protection but that of a ſmall Poſt; as many Men as could be employed uſefully, were kept at rolling in the Barrels within the Breaſt-Work; no Time was loſt, every Officer and Man contributed with Zeal and Alacrity, ſo that by Four o'Clock the greateſt Part was in, and we were able to defend ourſelves. The Inactivity of the Enemy, during all that Time, made us think that they were employed in ſearching ſome Battoes. About Four they began a very ſmart Fire of Muſquetry from behind the Logs and Trees. No Body was allowed to anſwer their Fire for ſome Time, expecting to ſee them come nearer. The three Pieces of Artillery we had, were uſefully employed in firing where every Number of them could be ſeen together: Some good Markſmen, at the ſame Time, did ſome Execution, as well as a ſmall Poſt on our Left, in which we had an Officer and 46 Men, that made a very briſk and uſeful Fire. The Firing of

of the Enemy laſted till about Seven o'Clock, when they thought proper to retire; their Shot were well adjuſted; and had it not been for ſome Logs that we had put to cover our Heads, and fire underneath, we ſhould have loſt a great many Men.

"Engineer Sowers was badly wounded in encouraging ſome Men employed in the Breaſt-Work, in a ſmall Trench, in the Beginning of the Action. We had one Man killed at the Poſt on the Left, and three wounded in the Entrenchment.

"By Eight at Night I marched with the Picquet to cover the Men ordered to bring in the Reſt of the Proviſions. A Deſerter from the Enemy came in, and from him we firſt learned their Number, and what was ſtill more agreeable, that they had no Artillery. At 12 o'Clock I came in again, without having diſcovered any Body; we were all Night under Arms, and next Morning, to our great Surpriſe, we were not attacked, which made us think they had found us too ſtrong for them, and that they were gone off. By Seven, tho' we began to perceive they were coming again, and that they were ſurrounding us, we had a ſmall Poſt to cover the Battoes on our Right: The Indians ſurrounded it almoſt, except that Part towards the Breaſt-Work, and fired very ſmartly upon it at the ſame Time they fired upon our Left, where we had two Pieces of Cannon; they ſeemed to have fixed their Aim at that Place; it was low, and the Road to come to it clear for them; however our Muſquetry and Grape-Shot kept them off: They contented themſelves with firing very briſkly upon us, and the Poſt on the Left, but durſt not attempt to come near; their Intention, as well as the Day before, was to have aſſaulted us, thinking we were not above 500 ſtrong.

"Colonel Haldiman, during all the Attacks, was very active; the Enemy, finding all their Schemes abortive, attempted to burn our Battoes, and ſet them adrift, in which they might have ſucceeded, but a Party of our Regiment ſallying out of the Entrenchment at that Time, beat them off, and ſaved 7 or 8 Battoes, that they had cut the Painters of, and ſet on Fire, but they were ſoon made faſt, and the Fire extinguiſhed. The French Indians ſeeing our brave Defence, and the Cowardice of the Canadians, who could never be prevailed on to ruſh upon us, took to their Battoes, but were prevailed upon to come back again; at laſt, about Half an Hour after Nine in the Morning, they retreated for good, and every one of them went to the Landing-place, where they reimbarked with all the Haſte poſſible, and ſheered off.

"It muſt be told, to the Honour of our Men, that they behaved uncommonly well, and never fired but when they ſaw an Enemy, and took very good Aim; the Loſs of the Enemy, altho' they were ſo ſcattered, muſt not be inconſiderable; we found but three of their Dead Yeſterday; but great Tracks of Blood were ſeen; and the Place where our Muſquetry could do Execution, as well as the Landing-place, have not as yet been ſearched, as Colonel Haldiman did not think it prudent to venture ſo far as that, the Party he ſent out for that Purpoſe, but only ſent them all around within Cannon Shot; and the Ground round within Muſket Shot is not reconnoitred.

"Mr. Otter, of our Regiment, who commanded the Poſt on the Left, behaved very well, was wounded in the Head. In the whole, we had Mr. Sowers, Engineer, wounded; and Mr. Otter, and ten Privates of our Regiment, more wounded; 3 of the New-York Regiment, and 1 Carpenter, alſo wounded, but ſlightly; and 3 of our Battalion killed.

P. S. Two Deſerters that came in ſay, the Commander of La Gallette had one of his Legs ſhot off, one Officer killed, and ſeveral wounded; that they had about twenty Men wounded that they knew of; but that they were ſo occupied about the Means to deſert, that they had not been able to get any other Intelligence; that the Enemy is ſtill behind a great Point that conceals them from us, and in great Want of Proviſions, the Bread they have being all muſty. Ours would pleaſe them highly I dare ſay."

Tueſday laſt was ſent in here by the Privateer Sloop Harlequin, Capt. Sloe, a French Sloop, called the Saint Leger, M. Monviel Maſter, loaded with Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa, which he took the 22d of June, bound from the Granades to Coracoa. The above Sloop ſailed with another of 6 Guns, bound for Coracoa alſo, but ſhe got clear by outſailing the Harlequin, who was left in Chace of a Polacca from the Cape, bound to Old-France, when the above Sloop parted from her.

Thurſday laſt returned here from a Cruize the Privateer Ship Sturdy Beggar, Robert Troup Commander, without having met with any other Succeſs than what has been already mentioned. The 9th Inſtant, off Monto-Chriſto, Capt. Troup fell in with M. Bompar's Squadron, conſiſting of ſeven Sail of the Line, and two or three Frigates, two of which, viz. a 74 Gun Ship, and a Frigate, gave Capt. Troup Chace, but, having the Heels of them, he got clear. During the Chace the Beggar ſprung a Leak, which obliged Captain Troup to break up his Cruize.

The following Letter was wrote by an Officer, on his Way from Niagara to Oſwego, the 16th of July, 1759.

"Before this Time, I expected to have congratulated you on the Reduction of Niagara, but the Garriſon and Fort are much ſtronger than we expected. Without the Enemy having the leaſt Notice of our Approach, we landed the 6th, within 3 Miles of the Fort. The Indians and Light Infantry immediately marched forward, and took ſix Priſoners, but had one Mohawk killed. By the Priſoners we learnt, that the Garriſon conſiſted of 600 Men, and 200 that have got in ſince, make 800. A Schooner, and a Sloop, were in the Harbour; the former mounts 10 Carriage Guns, and has kept an inceſſant Fire on our Battoes, but as they are in a good Harbour, as yet the Enemy has done them little or no Damage. Our Trenches are carried within 250 Yards of the Fort, where we expect our Batteries were opened at Yeſterday, to mount two 18 Pounders, two Braſs Twelves, 4 Sixes, and 4 Royal Howits of 8 Inches. For three Days paſt we have played upon them with 8 Pieces of Cannon, and have ſet ſeveral of their Buildings on Fire. We expect to be Maſters of the Fort in a Week, unleſs it is reinforced.

"Niagara, from our Trenches, appears to be very ſtrong, but is not yet compleated. In the Fort are ſeveral very good Buildings. The Governor's Houſe is built of Stone, at leaſt 45 Feet Front, 3 Story high, has Saſh Windows, and appears to be compleatly finiſhed. The Enemy have already fired near 6000 Cannon Ball, beſides Thouſands of Small-Arms, but as yet have only killed 5 Men, and wounded about 20; among the latter Capt. Williams, our Head Engineer, dangerouſly, and Lieutenants Allyn and Penniſtone, ſlightly.

"We now have 900 Indians with us, and more daily coming in."

Yeſterday Afternoon, the Poſt came in from Albany, by whom we have the following intereſting and agreeable Intelligence, viz. That on Saturday Morning the 21ſt Inſtant, at 5 o'Clock, his Excellency General Amherſt, with the whole Army under his Command, embarked on board the Battoes and Whale-Boats in the Lake, and ſailed in three Diviſions: That he landed the 22d, without the leaſt Oppoſition, at the Narrows (the ſame Place where General Abercrombie did laſt Year) five Miles from the Fort of Ticonderoga, and three from the Saw-Mill; from whence he ſent Major Rogers forward with a Number of Rangers and Light Infantry, who marched as far as the Mill, without ſeeing any of the Enemy; but a little beyond he met with a Party of 200 French and Indians, which he attacked, killed ſome, and took 20 Priſoners (among whom were two Indians) and obliged the reſt to fly to the Fort. On Major Rogers's Return to the General, the main Body marched forward on Monday Morning, and took Poſſeſſion of the Enemy's Lines, which they had abandoned the Night before. The General was to open a Battery againſt the Fort on Wedneſday Morning, and did not doubt but he ſhould be in Poſſeſſion of it in a ſhort Time; tho' they kept an inceſſant Fire from their Cannon and Mortars, on our Troops in the Trenches. The French Garriſon is ſaid to be above 3000 ſtrong. Major Rogers, in his Skirmiſh, had ſix Men killed, two of which were ſcalped.

Extract of a Letter from Lake-George, dated July 26.

"Our General took Poſſeſſion of the Lines at Ticonderoga the 23d Inſtant, the Enemy having abandoned them in the Night. Some wounded Men are come to the Lake. Enſign Harriſon, of General Forbes's Regiment, is killed. And the Fort at Lake-George, under the Inſpection of the indefatigable Colonel Montreſure, is very forward."

We are informed by a Letter from the Society for Propagation of the Goſpel, That that venerable Body do ſtrongly patroniſe our infant College, and have given it 500 *l.* Sterling; and recommended it to all their Members to procure Benefactions for it.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 2.

Yeſterday we received, by a private Expreſs, the following ſhort and general Account, viz.

New-York, July 31, 1759.

"TICONDEROGA is taken——Colonel Townſend
" was ſhot by a Cannon Ball in his Tent——General Prideaux (before Niagara) was killed by the Burſting of one
" of our Cohorns——Colonel Johnſton, of the New-York
" Forces, is alſo killed——Niagara expected to be taken the
" next Day——Our Works within 80 Yards of that Fort
" ——Colonel Haldiman is ſent for from Oſwego to Niagara,
" to take the Command——Colonel Amherſt is in Town,
" and ſails this Day for England——The Priſoners ſay
" Quebec was inveſted."

Extract of a Letter from Pittſburgh, July 15, 1759.

"The 13th Inſtant, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, arrived here two Spies we had ſent out to Venango, to know the Truth of the Intelligence we had received from ſeveral Indians, of the French being on their March from Preſque Iſle to Venango with a large Body of Troops, compoſed of French and Indians, to attack this Place, and that they had with them a Train of Artillery. They informed us, that on their Arrival at Venango, they found there about 700 French, and 400 Indians: That on the Ninth of this Month came in about 200 Indians; the next Day about the ſame Number; and on the Day following about 150 more; when the Commandant told them, he would ſpeak to them the next Day. As faſt as the Indians arrived, the French Officers were imployed in cloathing and fitting them out for the Expedition; and by the Eleventh at Night, the Whole were cloathed. At Ten o'Clock the next Morning, they all met in Council, when the Commander gave the Indians Thanks for joining him, and deſired them to prepare themſelves, for he intended to ſet off the next Day to attack this Fort, and then threw down the War Belt.

"There were two Six Nation Indians in the Council, who had come there the Night before, one of which got up, and made a Speech to all the Indians, telling them, That their Father was in too great a Hurry; deſired them to conſider ſome Time what they were going to do; and delivered them a large Bunch of String Wampum.

"This threw the Indians into ſome Confuſion, and before they got out of it, two Indians arrived with a Packet of Letters for the French Commandant; which he opened and read, and, after ſome Diſcourſe with his Officers, addreſſed himſelf to the Indians, and ſaid, Children, I have bad News to tell you. A great Engliſh Army, with Sir William Johnſon, who has with him the Six Nations, and a great Number of other Indians, that live that Way, are on their March to attack Niagara: That he had Orders to go directly there, and to take them with him: That he ſhould lay aſide all Thoughts of going down the River, until he had drove the Engliſh from Niagara: That it was a Place of great Conſequence to them and their Children; and, if the Engliſh took it, they muſt certainly be poor, as the Road to their Country would be ſtopped up; therefore deſired them to be ſtrong, and ſupport their Father well at that Time. He then gave Orders for the Battoes to go up the River, and to turn thoſe back that were coming down.

"Our Spies ſay, they ſaw only three Cannon, but that the French expected in the Battoes, that were to have been there that Night, ſome more; and that about thirty of the Battoes ſet off while they ſtaid, and a great many Indians were tying up their Bundles, in order to proceed up the River. They are of Opinion that the French will endeavour to divide them, and leave ſome behind to annoy the Road: That nineteen Wyandots, the Whole that were with the Enemy, had gone home: That on the 13th in the Morning, ſome of the Party that attacked Ligonier returned, but brought neither Priſoners nor Scalps; and ſaid, they had one Indian killed, and one wounded: That ſoon after four Indians alſo came in, and informed the French Commandant, that the Engliſh Army was come over the Great Mountain (Allegheny) with a great Number of Horſes loaded, and Cattle, and that there could not be leſs than 2000 Men.

"The Spies further adviſe, that they had engaged three Shawaneſe, who left the Enemy, to ſtay and ſee what they would do, and then ſet out for this Place with the Intelligence. We are ſending off freſh Spies to watch their Motions.

"Twenty Wyandots arrived here this Day from over the Lakes, who ſay, that the Chief Men of their Nation, with 70 others, are on their Way here."

We hear further from Pittſburg, that at the Time the above Intelligence was brought, there were Deputies from ſeveral Indian Nations, with Powers to [illegible] his Majeſty; and that on their [illegible], Mr. Croghan, Sir William Johnſon's Deputy, and Colonel Mercer, the Commander of the Fort, opened the Conferences; when a firm Peace was concluded, to the great Joy of thoſe Indians, who promiſed to ſpread the News thereof both far and wide.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at his Store near the Dock in Annapolis,

BEST *LONDON* CROWN GLASS 8 by 10, Wine by the Quarter Caſk or Gallon, Rum, Salt, Melaſſes, Loaf Sugar, Currans, Raiſins, Limes by the Barrel, Cabinet and Joyner's Planes, Saws, Chizzels, *&c. &c.* alſo 3 *d.* 4 *d.* 6 *d.* 8 *d.* 10 *d.* 20 *d.* 30 *d.* and 40 *d.* Nails, *&c. &c.*

NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

RAN away about the 25th of *June*, from the Subſcriber in *Fairfax* County, *Virginia*, a likely Country-born Negro Boy, named *Davy*, about 15 Years of Age, has a Scar near his left Eye, ſpeaks fluently, and is very ready in his Replies. Had on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waiſtcoat, and Leather Breeches: The Coat had plain Braſs Buttons, the Waiſtcoat Horn.

Whoever brings home the ſaid Negro, or ſecures him in any Goal, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, beſides reaſonable Charges, paid by

G. W. FAIRFAX.

RAN away from the Ship *Betſy* (about the 24th or 25th of *July*) now lying in *South* River, *William Strachan*, Maſter, one *Thomas Gibſon*, Boatſwain of the ſaid Ship; he deſerted a Sloop he had Charge of with Goods to *Buſh* River, and is ſuppoſed to have gone to *Philadelphia*; he is of a middle Stature, fair Complexion, wears a Cap or Wig, and has a remarkable ſtradling in his Walk, owing (I ſuppoſe) to the faſhionable Diſtemper. He had on and took with him, a long blue Coat, green Shag Waiſtcoat, blue Breeches, a black Silk Waiſtcoat with a Cherry coloured Lining, and all his Seafaring Apparel and Bedding. In the Protection he is called *Thomas Hughes*, and may probably go by that Name. He was born in *London*, ſerved his Time in the Coal Trade, and ſpeaks in the North Country Dialect.

Whoever ſhall take up the ſaid Runaway in this Province, and convey him on board the ſaid Ship, ſhall have Six Piſtoles Reward; and if taken in *Pennſylvania*, and brought to the Ship, Eight Piſtoles, paid by

WILLIAM STRACHAN.

Hunting-Ridge, Baltimore, Auguſt 1, 1759.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 31ſt of *July*, Two Convict Servants, viz.

Richard Carman, he is about 40 Years of Age, and wears his own Hair, born in the County of *Norfolk*, a Weaver by Trade, and about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a ſtout well made Fellow.

John Carman, Brother to *Richard*, is about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, has a down Look, and is likewiſe a Weaver, wears a Cap, has a ſcald Head, and is a ſtout able Fellow.

They took with them ſeveral Things, ſo that it is impoſſible to deſcribe their Dreſs.

They were imported in the Ship *St. George*, now lying in the *North-Weſt-Branch* of *Patapſco*.

Whoever brings the ſaid Runaways to me, or ſecures them ſo that they may be had again, ſhall receive for each, if taken within the County, One Piſtole; if out of it, Two; and if out of the Province, Three Piſtoles, paid by

BENJAMIN YOUNG.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, a Convict Servant Man named *Richard Fiſh*, on Saturday the 21ſt Day of *July* laſt; he is a bold well looking Fellow, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high. He had on and took with him, a Suit of Sailor's Cloaths, blue Jacket and Trowſers, and a large blue Great Coat, lined with red. He ſtole and has with him a Pair of Piſtols. He went away in Company with a Sailor that lately ran away from the *Lynn* Man of War, Captain *Stirling*, now in *Pennſylvania*. Part of his Dreſs is a remarkable large Pair of Trowſers, and has an Impediment in his Speech.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him in any Goal, or delivers him to the Subſcriber at the Lower Ferry on *Suſquehanna*, ſhall receive Two Piſtoles Reward.

JOHN CLARKSON.

RAN

Auguſt 6, 1759.

RAN away Yeſterday, from the Subſcribers, living near 'Squire *Carroll's* Manor, on *Elk-Ridge*, a Convict Servant Man named *Moſes Dykes*, born in *England*, is a tall ſlim Man, about 6 Feet high, has ſhort brown Hair, a round Face, is a well looking Fellow, ſpeaks good *Engliſh*, bends in his Knees, aged 30 Years. Had on a Cotton Jacket, Oſnabrigs Trowſers and Shirt, Country Shoes, and Felt Hat. It is probable he may have changed his Cloaths, as his Wife, who run away with him from *Lawrence Robinſon*, took a Suit of light colour'd Broad-Cloth with Metal Buttons, and a Suit of Linen Cloaths (the Coat lined) and ſome Caſh. She is a thick ſet ſhort Woman, has dark Hair, is marked with the Small-Pox, and has a Caſt with her Eye. Had on a ſtriped Flannel Jacket, a Crocus Petticoat, and old Shoes. It is ſuppoſed ſhe is dreſſed in Man's Apparel, as they have taken the above Cloaths.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant Man, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings; if out of the County, Forty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Three Pounds; and for the Woman, Twenty Shillings, and reaſonable Charges if brought home.

J. IRELAND,
LAWRENCE ROBINSON.

It is thought a Servant Man of Mr. *John Worthington's* is in Company with them.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Patrick Glaze*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-ſiz'd Grey Mare, ſhe is branded on the near Buttock E C.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Jacobs*, at the Mouth of *Manockaſy*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Mare, about 13½ Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder C, and had on an old Bell.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THE Subſcriber having been a long Time confined in *Anne-Arundel* County Goal, and not having wherewith to ſatisfy his Creditors, hereby gives Notice, That he intends to apply to the next General Aſſembly for an Act for his Relief. JOHN MAPLES.

RAN away from the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace, on Friday the 13th of *July*, a Negro Man named *Tom*, he is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, has a remarkable large Scar proceeding from each of his Temples down his Cheeks, a well made Fellow, looks a little ſullen, and talks pretty good *Engliſh*, and a little *French*. He carried with him an old dark colour'd *Monmouth* Cap (and is ſuppoſed ſoon after to have ſtole a pretty good Hat and a white Cap, they being miſſing much about that Time), a good Oſnabrigs Shirt, Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Hempen Roll Trowſers, and old Shoes. He was formerly accuſtomed to go by Water, and probably may attempt to eſcape that Way. He formerly belonged to Mr. *Thomas Ringgold*, in *New-Town* upon *Cheſter* River, to Capt. *Michael Earle*, near *Frederick-Town* upon *Saſſafras* River, but laſt of all to Mr. *Henry Pearce*, at *Herring-Run* in *Cecil* County.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Runaway, and brings him to the Subſcriber, at the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, beſides what the Law allows. CALEB DORSEY.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship CHARMING NANCY, *Capt.* CHARLES RIDGELY, *from* LONDON,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, to be Sold by the Subſcriber in *Baltimore-Town*, Wholeſale and Retail.

Alſo *Weſt-India* Rum, Sugar, Cordage, &c.

THOMAS DICK.

JAMES JOHNSON,
Hath Removed from his Store in FRANCIS-STREET, *to the South Side of* CHURCH-STREET, *oppoſite to Mr.* ROBERT SWAN'*s Store, where he hath to ſell, juſt Imported, in the* BETSY, *Captain* STRACHAN; *the* SARAH, *Capt.* MONTGOMERIE, *from* LONDON; *and the* BOLINTON, *Captain* BUCHANAN, *from* GLASGOW, *very cheap, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or ſhort Credit,*

GREAT Variety of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS.

Alſo Soap, Candles, Raiſins, and good *Weſt-India* Rum by Wholeſale or Retail.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the BETSY, *Capt.* STRACHAN, *and the* CHARMING NANCY, *Capt.* RIDGELY, *from* LONDON, *and to be SOLD by the Subſcriber, by Wholeſale or Retail, very cheap, for Ready Money or ſhort Credit,*

GREAT Variety of ſuperfine and coarſe Broad-Cloths, Forreſt Cloths, *German* Serges, Druggets, Duroys, ſuperfine Sagathies, Fearnoughts, napt Duffels, Bearſkins, Half-Thicks, Kerſeys, emboſs'd Serges, check'd and ſtriped Swan-ſkins, white Flannels, Hair Pluſh, *Mancheſter* Velvets, ſtrip'd Duffel Blanketing, Rugs, Blankets and Coverlids, *Welch* Cottons, *Iriſh* Linens and Sheeting, Linen and Cotton Checks, ſtrip'd Cottons and Hollands, figur'd and ſtrip'd Dimities, Counterpanes, dyed Jeans, Thickſets, Bed Bunts and Bed Ticking, *Ruſſia* Drabs, Cambricks, Clear Lawns, white Callicoes, Humhums, Muſlins, Printed Linens, Cottons and Callicoes, ſtrip'd *China* Taffaties, *India* Damaſks, plain and ſtrip'd *India* Perſians, Cotton Romals, Table Cloths and Napkining, *Ruſſia* Diaper for Towelling, Tammies, Durants, Starrets, ſuperfine ſcarlet and other colour'd Camblets, fine ¾ Ell Callimancoes, ſuperfine black Ruſſels, black, ſcarlet and buff colour'd Everlaſtings, black, ſcarlet and buff Amens, Serge Deniſme, blue and black *Norwich* Crapes, Hatband Crape, Variety of figur'd Dreſdens, Vellurets, Pruſſianets, Floramels, Silk *Pruſſian* Grograms and ſhaded Brolios for Men and Womens Wear, Alamode, *Mantua* Silk, Luteſtring, green Muſketo Knitting for Bed Curtains, or Blinds for Windows, great Variety of Millenery and Haberdaſhery Wares, Writing Paper, Bound Books, and other Stationary, Nails and Iron Ware of all Sorts, Variety of China and Glaſs Ware, fine Bohea, Hyſon and Green Teas, Spicery and other Grocery, WESTON and ARNOLD'S Snuff, Corks, gilt Trunks, Mens Saddles and Bridles, Turnery, all Kinds of Ship Chandlery, Braſiery, Pewter, Gunpowder, Shot, Men and Womens Silk, Thread, Cotton, and Worſted Stockings, Gloves, Hats, Womens Shoes, Cutlery, Anchors, Cables, all Sorts of Cordage, &c. &c.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber on open Accounts, are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame, or to call and give Obligations for the Ballances due, payable at a Time more convenient to them; and it is hoped this Requeſt will be complied with, to ſave further Trouble.

JAMES DICK.

A very large Quantity of 30 Penny and Two Shilling Nails being ſent in by Miſtake, any Perſon that will take a whole Caſk, may have them at the firſt Coſt and Charges.

For LIVERPOOL,

The BALTIMORE FRIGATE,
FRANCIS LOWNDES,
Commander,

Now lying in Patuxent, *mounts Eighteen* 9 *and* 6 *Pounders, beſides Swivels, carries* 60 *odd Hands, and is compleatly fitted with Cloſe Quarters,*

TAKES in TOBACCO for JAMES GILDART, Eſq; at Twelve Pounds Sterling *per* Ton. As great Part of her Cargo is already engaged, ſhe will ſail with all Expedition. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the Commander.

N. B. He has a Quantity of *Indian* Corn to diſpoſe of.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Wedneſday the 22*d of* Auguſt *next, at* Calvert *Court-Houſe, for Bills of Exchange, Caſh, or Tobacco,*

A PARCEL of MEDICINES, imported lately from *London*. A Catalogue of which may be ſeen on the Day of Sale at the above Place.

NATHANIEL PARRAN.

JUST IMPORTED *from* LONDON,
In the Ship BETSY, *Capt.* WILLIAM STRACHAN, *and to be SOLD by the Subſcriber, at his Store in* ANNAPOLIS,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, at reaſonable Rates. WILLIAM ROBERTS.

JUST IMPORTED *from* LONDON,
and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store, at the Head of the Dock in ANNAPOLIS,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *INDIA* GOODS, at very reaſonable Rates.

LANCELOT JACQUES.

JUST IMPORTED
By the FLEET from LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Stores at* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, PIG-POINT, *and* ROCK-CREEK,

GREAT Variety of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS; old *Cheſhire* and *Glouceſter* Cheeſe, *Ramſbury* Ale and *London* Porter in Bottles, Raiſins and Currans, *Engliſh* and *German* Steel, Sail Cloth N°. 1 to 8, Box and Braſs Compaſſes, Bunting, Ship Chandlery, &c. for Shipping.

Likewiſe *Barbados* Rum and *Muſcovado* Sugar.

STEPHEN WEST.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the WILSON, *Capt.* SLATOR, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subſcribers at* QUEEN-ANNE *in* Prince George's *County, very cheap, for Bills, Caſh, or Tobacco,*

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS.

Likewiſe *Barbados* Rum and *Muſcovado* Sugar.

STEPHEN WEST,
RICHARD MOORE.

Upper-Marlborough, July 14, 1759.

JUST IMPORTED
By the Subſcribers, and to be Sold for Tobacco, Caſh, or Bills of Exchange,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, by Wholeſale or Retail.

Likewiſe to be Sold, ſome likely healthy Men Negroes from *Africa*, and *Madeira* Wine by the Pipe or Quarter Caſk.

ALEXANDER *and* ANDREW SYMMER.

July 22, 1759.

RAN away laſt Saturday Night, from the Ship *Tryton*, lying in *Patapſco* Ferry Branch, three Sailors, with the Ship's Long-Boat, without either Maſt or Sails. They are very remarkable, being all Foreigners, *viz.*

Bartholomew Dyar, is a tall thin viſaged Man, with his own Hair, and has loſt his left Hand at the Wriſt, was born in *Minorca*, and has a very great Impediment in his Speech.

Jacomo Emanuel, of a middle Stature, brown Complexion, and a little freſh colour'd, was born in *Malta*, and ſpeaks very bad *Engliſh*.

Emanuel Antonio, he is a ſtout robuſt Fellow, near 6 Feet high, of a very yellow Complexion, wears either a Cap or Wig, was born in *Portugal*, and ſpeaks very bad *Engliſh*.

None of theſe three Perſons exceed 30 Years of Age. They have taken all their own Cloaths with them, and a great many belonging to the reſt of the Ship's Company.

Whoever apprehends them, and ſecures them in any Goal, or brings them to the Ship, with the Long-Boat, ſhall receive FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward, paid by JOHN JOHNSTON.

July 24, 1759.

FOUR PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from *Baltimore-Town* laſt Night, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas Wood*, a ſhort well-ſet Fellow, about 42 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, dark Complexion, is lame in his right Ancle, being ſprained when young, has been uſed to Farming, was born in *Lincolnſhire*, and ſpeaks much in that Dialect. Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat trimmed round the Brim, Oſnabrigs Shirt, mix'd Country Cloth Surtout or Cape Coat, Oſnabrigs Petticoat Trowſers, Yarn Stockings, good black Leather Shoes, and wears a white Leather Belt.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have, if taken within this Province, Two Piſtoles; and if out of it, Four Piſtoles, and reaſonable Charges if brought home.

J. CARNAN.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living at *Onion's* Iron-Works, *Baltimore* County, an *Iriſh* Servant Man named *Lawrence Smith*, aged about 30, 5 Feet 3 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own light Hair, which curls, and his right Leg is much ſhorter than the other, which occaſions him to walk on his Toes. He had on and with him, a brown *German* Serge Jacket, blue Half-Thick Breeches, blue Worſted Stockings, old Shoes, with Braſs Buckles in them, 1 *Iriſh* Linen and 2 Oſnabrigs Shirts.

Whoever will apprehend the ſaid Servant, and bring him home, ſhall have Two Piſtoles Reward, beſide what the Law allows, and reaſonable Charges. JOSEPH SMITH.

On WEDNESDAY the Fifteenth Day of Auguſt, will be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, at or near Mr. Walter Daugherty'*s, at* Cheſter-Town *in* Maryland,

THE REMAINS of the HULL of the Brigantine *Sophia*, lately burnt at *Cheſter-Town*, with the following Articles, which were ſaved from the Fire, *viz.*

3 Anchors, one about 9 C. one about 8 C. and one about 3 C. Weight; 1 old Cable, a Parcel of 2 Inch Oak Plank, 4666 *lbs.* of Tobacco, in 5 Hogſheads, a Parcel of Iron Bolts, *&c.* ſome Cordage, a Set of half-worn Sails, 20 Water Hogſheads, 2 Barrels *Engliſh* Beef, 1 Barrel *Engliſh* Peaſe, 1 Swivel Gun, 1 Stew-Kettle, 1 Sauce-Pan, 1 Tea-Kettle, 1 Pair Bellows, 1 Pair Double Screws, 1 Pair Single Screws, 2 Iron Crows, 1 Iron Cabouſe, Matts, Paunches, Parrels, and Parrel Ropes, 1 Diſh, 6 Plates, and 2 Baſons, 4½ Yards Canvas, one Piece Pump Leather, and one Long-Boat.

GEORGE KIMBER.

TWENTY-THREE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, in *Kent* County, *Maryland*, on the Ninth of *July* paſt, a Mulatto Servant Man, named *Thomas Williams*, about 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, is a ſtrong, able, well-made Man, his Cloaths uncertain: He had about Thirty Pounds Caſh with him, and alſo his Wife, who is of his own Colour, and has a great Impediment in her Speech. It's ſuppoſed they went to *Virginia* in a Shallop.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Runaway, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter gets him again, ſhall have FIFTEEN PISTOLES Reward; and EIGHT PISTOLES for diſcovering the Perſon that carried him away, ſo that he may be convicted thereof according to Law.

July 19, 1759. JOHN BORDLEY.

JUST IMPORTED *from* MADEIRA, *And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER* in ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of choice WINES.

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

July 18, 1759.

FOUR PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away Yeſterday Morning from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works, an *Iriſh* Convict Servant Man, named *Lawrence Farrell*, he is a luſty well-ſet Fellow, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, 23 Years of Age, has a very lubberly Walk, wears long black Hair, and has a long ſharp Noſe. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket, Crocus Trowſers, Oſnabrig Shirt, Country Shoes, and a Cap of Sail Duck, lined with black Sheepſkin.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have, if taken 20 Miles from home, Two Piſtoles Reward; and if out of the Province, Four Piſtoles; and reaſonable Charges if brought home.

JAMES FRANKLIN.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Baltimore* County, a Servant Man named *Samuel Philips*, a luſty Fellow, much pitted with the Small-Pox, of a ſwarthy Complexion, about 45 Years of Age. Had on a new Felt Hat, Check Shirt, Buckſkin Breeches, blue Worſted Stockings, and old Shoes. He has no other Cloathing unleſs he has ſtolen it ſince he went away. He was in the Army the laſt Campaign, and has with him a Diſcharge, which it's ſuppoſed ſerves him for a Paſs. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward; and if brought home, reaſonable Charges, paid by JOHN WILLMOTT.

FRANCIS SPONG,

BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER from LONDON *(who lived lately in* Annapolis*)*

NOW keeps Shop in LEONARD-TOWN, near *St. Mary's* Court-Houſe, where all Gentlemen who ſhall pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Work done after the neateſt Manner, and at reaſonable Rates, by *Their humble Servant*,

FRANCIS SPONG.

N. B. He has a Supply of the beſt *Engliſh* Hairs, of all Colours.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the THETIS, *Capt.* CRAYMER, *and to be Sold on board the ſaid Ship at* Pataſpſco *Ferry, or in* BALTIMORE-TOWN, *by Wholeſale or Retail, the following* GOODS, *viz.*

OSNABRIGS and Brown Rolls, *Iriſh* Linens and Sheeting, printed Long Cloths and Calicoes, *Ruſſia* Drab, *Welch* Cottons, ſtriped, ſpotted and plain Flannels, Druggets, Frizes, Half-Thicks, Broad-Cloths, Shalloons, Check Linen, dyed Jeans, Thickſets, Grandurels, *India* Dimity, Cotton Gowns, Hats of all Sorts, Cheeſe, Lemons, Mens and Womens Shoes, Mens Silk, Thread and Worſted Stockings, Silk and Worſted Mitts, Ditto Breeches Pieces with Furniture, ſeveral Sorts of Books, Magazines, Reviews, *&c.* ſeveral Sorts of Mirrours, *viz.* Sconce Glaſſes, plain Ditto, Dreſſing Ditto, Mahogany Tea Cheſts, *Scotch*, colour'd and white Thread, Handkerchiefs, Table Cloths, plain and figur'd Lawn, Gauze and Lawn Handkerchiefs, Cambricks, ſpotted and figur'd Gauze, *Scotch* Linens and Canvas, beſt White Chapel Needles, Pins, Ribbons, ſewing Silk, Gloves, Stock Tape, Sugar, Pepper, Tobacco Pipes, Medicines, Guns, beſt *Florence* Oil, Pickles, Muſtard, *Caſtile* Soap, Borax, Sago, Drop Shot, Battel Powder, Red, Port and Rheniſh Wines, Nails, Tacks, Frying Pans, Padlocks, Hinges, Sickles, Files, Hoes, white Stone flower'd and plain Plates and Diſhes, fine Agate Ditto, painted Ditto, Breakfaſt Plates, Fiſh Strainers, Sauce-Boats, Patty Pans, Pickle Plates, Fruit Baſkets, Sallad Veſſels, neweſt Faſhions, white Stone Tea Pots, Cups and Saucers, black Tortoiſe Ditto, China Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Stone Mugs, *Welch* Porringers, Tureens, Chamber Pots, Gally Pots, *&c.* Drinking Glaſſes, Tumblers, Salts, cut and plain Decanters, Wine and Water Glaſſes, Glaſs Stands, Phials, Knifes and Forks, Sciſſars, Raiſins, Buckles, Combs, Rings, Metal, Lacquer'd and Silver Buttons, Snuff Boxes, Pewter Spoons, Spectacles, Punch Ladles, Fiſhing Rods, Palms, Nitting Needles, Fiſh Hooks, Backgammon Tables, Slates, Pencils, Sponge, Coffee Mills, Wool Cards, Necklaces, great Variety of printed Paper for Rooms, Ink Powder, Writing Paper, *&c. &c.*

JAMES HOUSTON.

July 9, 1759.

RAN away laſt Night, from the Subſcribers Plantations, near Mr. *Snowden's* Iron-Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

John Tinſley, born in *England*, he is a ſlim Man, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, he has a down Look, and is about 22 or 23 Years of Age. Had on a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, an Oſnabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

George Weſtall, born in *England*, he is about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, about 24 or 25 Years old, of a pale Complexion, and is a pert talkative Fellow. Had on a blue grey Half-Thick Jacket, white Shirt, a Felt Hat, an old brown Wig, Oſnabrigs Trowſers, and Negro Shoes.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and ſecures them ſo that their Maſters may have them again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward for each.

THOMAS RUTLAND,
JOSEPH MACCUBBIN.

RICHARD FORD,

TAYLOR, from LONDON,

HEREBY acquaints the Public, That he has obtained ſeveral very good Hands from *England*, and that he carries on that Trade at *New-Town, Baltimore*; where Gentlemen may depend on having their Work done in the beſt and neweſt Faſhion, and at the leaſt Warning: And alſo makes, in the genteeleſt Taſte, Riding Dreſſes for Ladies; for Ready Money, or very ſhort Credit.

N. B. He makes a plain Suit for £. 1 5 0
Ditto full Trimmed for — — — 1 10 0
And all other Things at a reaſonable Rate.

May 16, 1759.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Maſter in *Queen-Anne's* County School: Any Perſon properly Qualified, applying to the Viſitors of ſaid School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will ſupport them in. Signed *per* Order,

NATHAN WRIGHT, Regiſter.

July 26, 1759.

COMMITTED to *Anne-Arundel* County Goal as a Runaway, one *Edmund Humphreys*, who ſays he belongs to *John Davis* of *Baltimore* County.

His Maſter may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying all Charges.

UPTON SCOTT, Sheriff.

JUST PUBLISHED,

In large Octavo, Price, neatly Bound, 12/6 Currency,
By JAMES BISSET, *Attorney at Law*,

AN Abridgment and Collection of the LAWS and ACTS of ASSEMBLY of the Province of MARYLAND at preſent in Force, with a ſmall choice Collection of Precedents in Law and Conveyancing, calculated for the Uſe of the Gentlemen of the Province of *Maryland*.

As Abridging might alter the *Meaning* of the Enacting Clauſe, the firſt propoſed Method is laid aſide, and every Act containing any material *Law* is inſerted and given in Full, in the very *Words* of, and carefully copied from, the original *Act*; nothing being Abridged but the Preamble, general Form of the Enacting Part of the Act, and the Form in every Penal Act of applying and recovering Fines.

There is a very full Index, a Table of the Acts inſerted, and a Table of the expired and repealed Acts, and every Clauſe in any Act at preſent in Force, that has, by any ſubſequent Law, been repealed; mentioning when they expired, and the Acts whereby they ſtand repealed; ſo that upon comparing the Tables, any Perſon will directly ſee, that no material Law is omitted, nor any expired or repealed Act inſerted.

The Precedents are alphabetically digeſted, great Variety given, ſuch choſen as are freeſt from Tautology, with a Number peculiarly adapted for *Maryland*; ſuch as, Acknowledgments of Deeds, Probates of Cauſes of Action, Forms of Diſtraining for Rents, Superſedeas's for Stay of Execution, *&c.*

As the Binding will take up ſome Time, they will, as faſt as Bound, be ſent to the reſpective Court-Houſes in the Province, where the Subſcribers, or ſuch as chuſe to buy any of them, may call for them.

N. B. Advertiſements will be affixed at the Court-Houſe-Doors, adviſing who have the giving of them out.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, On Tueſday the 13th of November *next, at the Houſe of* William Brown, *in* London-Town, *the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Eſtate of* William Peele, *deceaſed,*

ONE TRACT called *Sympſon's Stones*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Batchelor's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of *Patapſco*, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, ſurvey'd for *Jane Gray*, called *Maiden's Bower*.

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Paddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

*** Theſe 3 laſt Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

Alſo, The late Mr. *Peele's* Dwelling-Houſe, Store, and other Improvements, in *London-Town*, with ſeveral unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Perſons who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchaſe the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOUAT,
JAMES DICK, } Executors.
JAMES NICHOLSON,

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB,

STAY-MAKER,

Living in PORT-TOBACCO, *in* Charles *County*,

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEEN-STAYS, after the neateſt, beſt, and neweſt Faſhion, made of the beſt of Goods, and works inferior to none. Any *Gentlewomen*, by directing their Commands to him, they ſhall be complied with, and may be aſſured the Work ſhall not be exceeded by any *Maſter Stay-maker* now in Being.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-ſtreet*; where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertiſements.